up more industries there with a view to generating employment opportunities, as part of the drive for normalisation of the situation in that State: and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard and the response of private entrepreneurs thereto?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI AJIT SINGH): (a) and (b) State Government of Jammu and Kashmir have introduced a package of incentives for small, medium and large scale industrial units. These incentives provide, among other things, allotment of land and sheds, exemption and concession of tax, sales tax exemption on machinery, subsidy on purchase of diesel generating sets and other equipment, stipends for training of entrepreneurs, price preference and marketing support.

As regards employment opportunities, according to Government of Jammu and Kashmir, 1854 SSI units have been registered during the year 1989-90 which approximately generate employment of about 8000 persons. For the current year, the State Government have set a target of 2000 SSI units to be registered and these will generate employment to nearly 9000 persons.

Under self-employment programme, 9562 units have been registered ending December, 1989, generating employment of 22,600 persons. For the current year, the State Government envisage setting up of 1,800 units under this programme which will provide employment opportunities to 4260 persons.

Cholera and Gastro-Enteritis in Delhi

805. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:
SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD:
SHRI SHANTI TYAGI:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether cholera and gastro-enteritis had broken out in the Capital in June-July this year;

(b) if so, what was the number of cases of each type reported in the capital during each of these months and how many of them were fatal;

(c) what are the comparative figures in this behalf for the past three years; and

(d) what steps have been taken to check the epidemic?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RASHEED MASOOD): (a) and (b) According to the information received from Delhi Administration, the number of reported cases and deaths due to Cholera and gastro-enteritis during June and July this year are as under:—

	Cholera		Gastro-enteritis	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
June, 90	63	Nil	6641	6
July, 90	132	Nil	5677	..

(c) Comparative month-wise figures of reported cases and deaths due to Cholera and Gastro-enteritis during the last three years 1988, 1989 and 1990 (upto 30-7-90) are given in the enclosed Statements I and II. (*See* below)

(d) The following steps are being taken to prevent the diseases:—

1. Reorientation of present Health care delivery system.

2. Setting of ORT corners in all major hospitals.

3. Stocking of ORS packets and chlorine tablets in JJ clusters/resettlement colonies.

4. Intensification of health education through talks, posters, leaflets and handouts.

5. Involving of Anganwadi workers for awareness campaign on sanitation.

6. Provision of immunisation and distribution of ORS and chlorine tablets through Mobile Health Scheme.

7. Provision of safe drinking water through 88 water tankers in JJ Clusters where deep borne hand pipes are not available.

8. Safe disposal of human-excreta, garbage refuse etc. and improvement of personal hygiene.

Statement-I

Cholera positive cases and deaths in Delhi during 1988 *and* 1989 *and* 1990

Months	1988		1989		1990	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
January	..	..	..	..	..	..
February	..	..	..	..	..	..
March	..	..	..	..	..	..
April	25	..	..	..	..	..
May	114	..	2	..	31	..
June	154	1	24	..	63	..
July	691	6	24	..	132	..
August	624	1	49	1	(Upto 30-7-90)	
September	71	..	63	..		
October	10	..	12	Nil		
November	..	..	3	..		
December	..	..	..	..		
TOTAL :	1689	8	177	1	226	..

Statement-II

Gastro-entritis cases and deaths reported in Delhi auring 1988 to 29-7-1990

Months	1988		1989		1990	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
January	3617	12	3321	23	842	0
February	3994	23	3219	11	824	0
March	5891	37	3200	8	1890	0
April	7015	81	6754	6	5053	0
May	8412	77	5979	6	7384	1
June	11324	88	3561	7	6641	6
July	17616	212	4559	6	5677	..
August	16499	94	4825	6	(Upto 30-7-90)	
September	4075	8	3188	1		
October	2100	6	2041	0		
November	2129	3	2723	3		
December	2122	2	1189	..		
TOTAL :	84792	643	44764	67		

Location of Neuro-Surgery Ward of Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital, New Delhi

806. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:
SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Neuro-Surgery Ward in Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital is housed in a dark and dingy corner, and is always heavily over-crowded with complicated cases, mostly accidental cases of head injuries, with 2-3 patients in a bed scores on the floors and even in the passages;

(b) if so, what are the reasons for locating it in such a shabby and dingy premises hardly befitting a ward of a big public hospital much less the Neuro-Surgery Ward; and

(c) what steps are being taken to provide appropriate premises for the Ward?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RASHEED MASOOD): (a) No, Sir. The Neuro-Surgery Ward is a part of the regular surgical ward. It is however, a fact that on many occassions more than one patient have to share a bed because of a large number of head injuries cases coming to this hospital. This being a Government hospital, patients are not refused admission even if no beds are vacant.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.